



GENERAL OBJECTIVES



- ☐ Give French consumers the opportunity to **sort more** and **better** (not only plastics packaging but all materials)
- ☐ Increase the recyclable part of plastic packaging while reaching an economic, social and environmental optimum
- □ Develop other recovery options for packaging that are- and will remain non recyclable (energy, RDF, ...)
- ☐ Define collection and sorting organizations allowing to control and reduce costs
- ☐ Guarantee recycling, develop markets and applications for recycled resins







5MT OF HOUSEHOLD PACKAGING IN FRANCE



ECO EMBALLAGES

o adelphe



56% of plastics packaging are expected to be recycled in 2030 (+ 400,000 t)

	Today's situation	Estimate for 2022	Estimate for 2030
Plastic packaging sold on French market (kt/year)	1 090	1 147	1 207
Of which Bottle	s 435	445	449
Trays, pots and other rigid	s 375	396	424
Film	s 280	305	334
Packaging waste recycled (kt/year)	256	445	675
Of which Bottle	s 250	311	368
Trays, pots and other rigid	s 4	100	232
Film	s 2	34	75
Plastic packaging recycling rate	23%	39%	56%
Of which Bottle	57%	70%	82%
Trays, pots and other rigid	s 1%	25%	55%
Film	s 1%	11%	23%









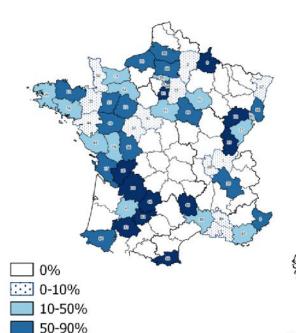


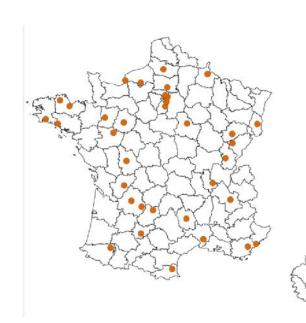
IMPLEMENTATION BY MUNICIPALITIES AND SORTING CENTRES TARGETS REACHED END OF 2016

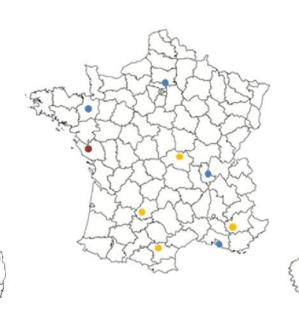
15M inhabitants sort all packaging

36 modernised sorting centres

9 new pilot sorting centres







- +2 kg/inhab/year of new plastics
- + same effect for other materials



>90%







FOCUS ON THE NEW STREAMS & THEIR MARKET



PET bottles, & flasks PET trays & pots



Already in place





PEHD/PP, bottles, & flasks PEHD,/PP trays & pots



Already in place







Flexible films PEBD/PEHD



Already in place, to be consolidated









PS/XPS/PSE trays & pots



Difficult to sort, limited outlets







Complex /multilayer PET trays & pots; PP/complex or too tiny flexible films

Design to improve recyclability or energy recovery





Non conclusive recycling tests: chlored plastics not fit for energy recovery. Elimination as a waste.



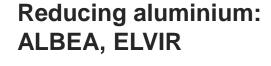






Increasing plastics packaging recyclability with putrief packers & fillers

Packaging innovation: **MERALLIANCE**



Guide of best practices: SYNDIFRAIS







Mono-material trays: KERMENÉ, ELIVIA, HERTA, BEL

























CONCLUSIONS

- Need to involve all actors of the packaging value chain:
 - ☐ Packers & fillers (« design for recycling »)
 - ☐ Consumers (in sorting their waste properly)
 - Municipalities (optimised selective collection)
 - □ Recycling industry (expertise sharing)
- Need to modernise sorting: fewer sorting centres (240 today, i.e. an average of 1 for 250,000 inhabitants), automatisation, industrialisation
- Need for a stable and well-defined quality of recycled materials so as to allow sound market developments, to ensure outlets, and to avoid dependency on exports







